

The fluorine ion F(5) is shared only by U⁴⁺ ions across the K⁺ layers but is too distant, 4Å, to be considered shared by K⁺ ions.

The interatomic distances F(1)–F(1), 2.49(3)Å and F(1)–F(3), 2.55(3)Å are considerably shorter than twice 1.36Å, the usual ionic radius for F⁻ (Pauling, 1960). Recent structure determinations show that F⁻–F⁻ interatomic distances may be as short as 2.241(11)Å in Na₇Zr₆F₃₁ (Burns, Ellison & Levy, 1968) and 2.40(3)Å in RbPaF₆ (Burns, Levy & Keller, 1968). These two compounds are similar to KU₂F₉ in that they are complex fluorides with similar sizes and kinds of ions. The Zr–8F antiprism in Na₇Zr₆F₃₁ has F⁻–F⁻ distances as short as 2.504(3)Å and the 2.40(3)Å distances observed for RbPaF₆ occur in the Pa–8F dodecahedron. In KU₂F₉ the six K–F distances and the nine U–F distances are equal to the sum of the ionic radii so that the bonding is primarily ionic. The application of Hannay & Smyth's (1946) formula for the calculation of percentage of ionic character indicates that the K–F bond is 88% ionic while the U–F bond should have 55% ionic character. It is evident that most of the F⁻–F⁻ distances in these complex fluorides reflect the ionic nature of the bonding but that some covalent bonding occurs in the same compound.

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The crystal structure of calcium 1,3-diphosphorylimidazole hexahydrate (revised title). By L. NEEL BEARD and P. GALEN LENHERT, *Department of Physics, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tennessee 37203, U.S.A.*

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A paper on the structure of the title compound was published (Beard & Lenhart, 1968) under the title *The Crystal Structure of 1,3-Diphosphorylimidazole*. This title should be

replaced by *The Crystal Structure of Calcium 1,3-Diphosphorylimidazole Hexahydrate* in order to reflect the actual composition of the substance studied.

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